

## 1.2 Investigations in Light to Reveal Empirical Evidence

### 1.2.1 The Preparations for any Laboratory Investigations

- 1 Identify precisely one, or more, of the **Observed**, and High Level of, **SEEING Photonics Solutions**.
- 2 Develop an **awareness** of all the **Inherent Laser/LED Photon Beam Characteristics** and **Treatments**.
- 3 Establish an appropriate **Investigation Workstation Zone** in which to operate.
- 4 Establish a **Laboratory Investigation Book** for recording details of all of the **empirical investigations**.
- 5 Become familiar with the use of all available **Display** and **Measurement Instrumentation**.
- 6 Ensure the availability of a **Digital Camera** for recording daily progress, and some of the **Empirical Evidence**.
- 7 Ensure the availability of any anticipated **Optoelectronics Circuit Diagrams**, and **Electronic Components**.
- 8 Create a **Tool Outline Card** for all of the necessary tools, so tools can be regularly checked in their position.
- 9 Prepare an **Oscilloscope** and a **Continuity Test Multimeter** as almost essential instruments to have available.
- 10 Plan a daily Investigation Programme prior to starting each Investigation.
- 11 Predict the Investigation Outcome, and use the Empirical Evidence to confirm the correctness, or otherwise, of the prediction.
- 12 **If the Empirical Evidence does not agree with the predicted outcome - change the prediction !!!**

The Empirical Evidence cannot be wrong – the theoretical prediction has to agree with the Empirical Evidence.

### 1.2.2 The Performance of any Laboratory Investigations

- 1 Identify the specific and precise **Investigation Purpose** and the appropriate **Investigation Parameters**.
- 2 Plan, and Record, the Investigative Plan in advance of starting the Investigation.
- 3 Exhaustively examine the entire **Investigative Range** of possible variations – “**What happens if . . . ?**”
- 4 Repeat the **Observations, Observations**, and more **Observations** of what is really happening.
- 5 Important Question - does **Sensor Input = Sensor Output**. **Does that Input actually produce that Output ?**
- 6 Acquire and **Record Repeatable** and **Repetitive Empirical Numerical Evidence**.
- 7 Establish the **True Interpretation** of the **Empirical Evidence**.
- 8 Designate, and Record, the **Specific, Precise, Accurate**, and **Useful Explanation of the Empirical Evidence**.
- 9 Establish the **Link** between the **Empirical Evidence** and the **Mathematical Theory** – the “**Universal Tool**”.  
**Remember:** Every Equation is either
  - 9.1 **A Law**, or
  - 9.2 **A Definition**, or
  - 9.3 **Follows from the previous Line**.
- 10 Consider how the **Empirical Evidence**, and the **Mathematics**, may indicate a **potential Innovative Solution**.
- 11 Carefully analyse the **interpretation** of the **Empirical Evidence**, and search for important **Implications**.
- 12 Propose the basic **Design Specification** for the **Potential Photonics Prototype Design Solution**.

### 1.2.3 The Presentation of a Design Specification for a Potential Photonics Prototype Design Solution

- 1 Create a **Flow Diagram** of the entire **Prototype Design Solution**.
- 2 Create **Diagrams to illustrate** the main features of the **Prototype Design Solution**.
- 3 Designate all the **Optoelectronic Circuit** requirements.
- 4 Design the **Signal Logic Control Circuit**.
- 5 Consider the construction of a **3-D Model** of the Final Design Solution - to gain **spatial structural awareness**.
- 6 Include any requirements for a **Motor Control System**.